

U N B

UNBENIGN. *adj.* Malignant; malevolent.
To th' other five
Their planetary motions, and aspects,
In textile, square, and trine, and opposite,
Of noxious efficacy; and when to join
In synod unbeneign. *Milton's Par. Lost, b. x. l. 661.*

UNBENT. *adj.*
1. Not strained by the string.
Apollo heard, and conqu'ring his disdain,
Unbent his bow, and Greece inspir'd again. *Dryden.*
2. Having the bow unstrung.
Why hast thou gone so far,
To be unbent when thou hast ta'en thy stand,
Th' elected deer before thee? *Shakep. Cymbeline.*
3. Not crushed; not subdued.
But thou, secure of soul, unbent with woes,
The more thy fortune frowns, the more oppos'd. *Dryden.*
4. Relaxed; not intent.
Be not always on affairs intent,
But let thy thoughts be easy and unbent:
When our mind's eyes are disengag'd and free,
They clearer, farther, and distinctly see. *Denham.*

UNBESPEMING. *adj.* Unbecoming.
No emotion of passion transported me by the indignity of his
carriage, to do or say any thing unbecoming myself. *K. Charles.*
Far be the spirit of the chase from them;
Uncomely courage, unbecoming skill. *Thomson.*

UNBESOURT. *adj.* Not intreated.
Left heat should injure us, his timely care
Hath, unbesought, provided; and his hands
Cloath'd us unworthy; pitying while he judg'd. *Milton.*

UNBESTOWED. *adj.* Not given; not disposed of.
He had now but one son and one daughter unbeflow'd. *Bacon.*

UNBETRAYED. *adj.* Not betrayed.
Many being privy to the fact,
How hard is it to keep it unbetray'd? *Daniel's Civil War.*

UNBEWAILED. *adj.* Not lamented.
Hold unbewail'd their way. *Shakep. Ant. and Cleopatra.*

TO UNBETWICH. *v. a.* [from *with*.] To free from fascination,
To UNBIASS. *v. a.* To free from any external motive; to
disentangle from prejudice.
That our understandings may be free to examine, and rea-
son unbias'd give its judgment; being that whereon a right
direction of our conduct to true happiness depends; it is in
this we should employ our chief care. *Locke.*
The standing evidences of the gospel, every time they are
consider'd, gain upon sincere, unbias'd minds. *Atterbury.*
The truest service a private man may do his country, is
by unbiasing his mind, as much as possible, between the rival
powers. *Swift.*
Where's the man who counsel can bestow,
Unbias'd, or by favour, or by spite;
Not dully prepossess'd, nor blindly right. *Pope.*

UNBIASSEDLY. *adj.* Without external influence; without pre-
judice.
I have sought the true meaning; and have unbias'dly em-
braced what, upon a fair enquiry, appeared so to me. *Locke.*

UNBID. *adj.*
1. Uninvited.
Unbidden guests
Are often welcome when they are gone. *Shakep.*
2. Uncommanded; spontaneous.
Thorns also and thistles it shall bring thee forth
Unbid. *Milton's Par. Lost, b. x. l. 204.*
Roses unbid, and ev'ry fragrant flow'r,
Flew from their stalks, to throw thy nuptial bow'r. *Dryden.*
Unbidden earth shall wreathing ivy bring,
And fragrant herbs the promises of spring. *Dryden.*

UNBOTTLED. *adj.* Free from bigotry.
Erasmus, who was an unbottled Roman Catholic, was
so much transported with this passage of Socrates, that he
could scarce forbear looking upon him as a saint, and desiring
him to pray for him. *Addison.*

TO UNBOND. *v. a.* [from *bind*.] To loose; to untie.
His own woe's author, who bound it finds,
As did Pyrocles, and it willfully unbonds. *Fairy Queen.*
Ye Latian dames,
If there be here, who dare maintain
My right, nor think the name of mother vain,
Unbind your fillets, loose your flowing hair,
And orgies, and nocturnal rites prepare. *Dryden.*
On the sixth instant it was thought fit to unbind his
head. *Tatler, N^o. 55.*

TO UNBOSHOP. *v. a.* [from *bishop*.] To deprive of episcopal orders.
I cannot look upon Titus as so far unbishop'd yet, but
that he still exhibits to us all the essentials of jurisdiction. *South.*

UNBOTTLED. *adj.* [from *bit*.] Unbridled; unrestrained.
We have reason to cool our raging motions, our carnal
fings, our unbitted lusts; whereof I take this love to be a
reel or cyon. *Shakep. Othello.*

U N B

UNBLAMABLE. *adj.* Not culpable; not to be charged with
a fault.
Much more could I say concerning this unblamable inequa-
lity of fines and rates. *Bacon.*
He lov'd his people, him they idoliz'd;
And thence proceeds my mortal hatred to him;
That thus unblamable to all beside,
He err'd to me alone. *Dryden's Don Sebastian.*

UNBLAMABLY. *adv.* Without taint of fault.
Ye are witnesses, and God also, how holily, and justly,
and unblamably we behaved ourselves. *1 Thess. ii. 10.*

UNBLAMED. *adj.* Blameless; free from fault.
Shall spend your days in joy unblam'd, and dwell
Long time in peace. *Milton's Par. Lost, b. xii. l. 22.*
Unblam'd, abundance crown'd the royal board,
What time this dome rever'd her prudent lord,
Who now is doom'd to mourn. *Pope's Odyssey.*

UNBLEMISHED. *adj.* Free from turpitude; free from reproach;
free from deformity.
O welcome, pure-ey'd faith, white-handed hope;
Thou hovering angel, girt with golden wings,
And thou unblemish'd form of chastity.
Under this stone lies virtue, youth,
Unblemish'd probity, and truth.
Is none worthy to be made a wife
In all this town? Suppose her free from strife,
Rich, fair, and fruitful, of unblemish'd life. *Dryden.*
They appointed, out of these new converts, men of the
best sense, and of the most unblemish'd lives, to preside over
these several assemblies. *Addison.*

UNBLEMISHED. *adj.* Not mingled.
None can boast a knowledge depure from defilement,
within this atmosphere of flesh; it dwells no where in un-
blemished proportions on this side the empyreum. *Glaville.*

UNBLEMISHED. *adj.* Not disgraced; not injured by any fault.
There, where very defoliation dwells,
She may pass on with unblemish'd majesty:
Be it not done in pride, or in presumption. *Milton.*

UNBLEST. *adj.*
1. Accursed; excluded from benediction.
It is a shameful and unblest thing, to take the scum of
people, and wicked, condemned men, to be the people
with whom you plant. *Bacon.*
2. Wretched; unhappy.
In thy pow'r
It lies yet, ere conception, to prevent
The race unblest, to being yet unbegot. *Milton.*
What is true passion, if unblest it dies?
And where is Emma's joy, if Henry flies? *Prior.*

UNBLOODED. *adj.* Not stained with blood.
Who finds the partridge in the puttock's nest,
But may imagine how the bird was dead,
Although the kite fear with unbloody beak. *Shakep.*

UNBLOODY. *adj.* Not cruel; not shedding blood; not stained
with blood.
Under the ledge of Atlas lies a cave,
The venerable seat of holy hermits,
Who there, secure in separated cells,
From the purling streams, and savage fruits,
Have wholesome bev'rage, and unbloody feasts. *Dryden.*

UNBLOWN. *adj.* Having the bud yet unexpanded.
Ah! my poor prince! Ah! my tender babes!
My unblown flowers, new-appearing sweets! *Shakep.*

UNBLUNTED. *adj.* Not becoming obtuse.
A sword, whose weight without a blow might slay;
Able, unblunted, to cut hosts away. *Cervantes's Don Quixote.*

UNBODIED. *adj.*
1. Incorporeal; immaterial.
If we could conceive of things as angels and unbodied
spirits do, without involving them in those clouds language
throws upon them, we should seldom be in danger of such
mistakes as are perpetually committed. *Watts's Logic.*
2. Freed from the body.
She hath the bonds broke of eternal night;
Her soul unbodied of the burdensome corpse. *Spenser.*
All things are but alter'd, nothing dies;
And here and there th' unbodied spirit flies. *Dryden.*

UNBOILED. *adj.* Not fadden.
A quarter of a pint of rice unboiled, will arise to a pint
boiled. *Bacon.*

TO UNBOIT. *v. a.* To let open; to unbar.
I'll call my uncle down;
He shall unboit the gates. *Shakep. Troilus and Cressida.*

UNBOILED. *adj.* Coarse; gross; not refined, as flour by
bolting or sifting.
I will tread this unboiled villain into mortar, and daub the
wall of a jakes with him. *Shakep. Lear.*

UNBONNETTED. *adj.* Wanting a hat or bonnet.
This night, wherein
The lion, and the belly-pinched wolf
Keep their fur dry; unbennetted he runs,
And bids what will, take all. *Shakep. K. Lear.*

U N B

UNBOD'KISH. *adj.*
1. Not studious of books.
2. Not cultivated by erudition.
As he shall smile, Othello shall go mad;
And his unbod'kish jealousy must contrive
Poor Cassio's smiles, gestures, and light behaviour,
Quite in the wrong. *Shakep. Othello.*

UNBORN. *adj.* Not yet brought into life; future; being to
come.
Some unborn sorrow, ripe in fortune's womb,
Is coming tow'rd me. *Shakep. Richard II.*
The woes to come, the children yet unborn
Shall feel this day, as sharp to them as thorn. *Shakep.*
Never so much as in a thought unborn,
Did I offend you. *Shakep. As you like it.*
He on the wings of cherubim
Up-lifted, in paternal glory rode
Far into chaos, and the world unborn. *Milton's Par. Lost.*
To what wretched state refer'd!
Better end here unborn! Why is life giv'n
To be thus wail'd from us? *Milton's Par. Lost.*
A queen, from whom
The souls of kings unborn for bodies wait. *Dryden.*

UNBORROWED. *adj.* Genuine; native; one's own.
But the luxurious father of the fold,
With native purple, and unborrow'd gold,
Beneath his pompous fleece shall proudly sweat. *Dryden.*
In substances, especially those which the common and unbor-
row'd names of any language are applied to, some remarkable,
sensible qualities, serve to distinguish one from another. *Locke.*

UNBOTTOMED. *adj.*
1. Without bottom; bottomless.
The dark, unbottom'd, infinite abyss. *Milton.*
2. Having no solid foundation.
This is a special act of christian hope, to be thus unbott-
tom'd of ourselves, and fastened upon God, with a full re-
liance, trust, and dependance on his mercy. *Hammond.*

TO UNBOSOM. *v. a.*
1. To reveal in confidence.
I lov'd thee, as too well thou knew'st;
Too well, unbosom'd all my secrets to thee,
Not out of levity, but overpower'd
By thy request, who could deny thee nothing. *Milton.*
Do we unbosom all our secrets to him, and hide nothing
that passeth in the depth of our hearts from him? *Atterbury.*
2. To open; to disclose.
Should I thence, hurried on viewless wing,
Take up a weeping on the mountains wild,
The gentle neighbourhood of grove and spring
Would soon unbosom all their echo's mild. *Milton.*

UNBOUGHT. *adj.*
1. Obtained without money.
The unbought dainties of the poor. *Dryden's Horace.*
2. Not finding any purchaser.
The merchant will leave our native commodities unbought
upon the hands of the farmer, rather than export them to a
market, which will not afford him returns with profit. *Locke.*

UNBOUND. *adj.*
1. Loose; not tied.
2. Wanting a cover.
He that has complex ideas, without particular names for
them, would be in no better case than a bookfeller, who had
volumes that lay unbound, and without titles; which he could
make known to others, only by shewing the loose sheets. *Locke.*
3. Preterite of *unbind*.
Some from their chains the faithful dogs unbound. *Dryden.*

UNBOUND. *adj.*
1. Infinite; interminable.
Long were to tell what I have done;
I voyag'd the unreal, vast, unbounded deep
Of horrible confusion. *Milton.*
The wide, th' unbounded prospect lies before me;
But shadows, clouds, and darknesses rest upon it. *Addison.*
2. Unlimited; unrestrained.
He was a man
Of an unbounded stomach, ever ranking
Himself with princes. *Shakep. Lear.*
He had given his curiosity its full, unbounded range, and ex-
amin'd not only in contemplation, but by sensitive experiment,
whatever could be good for the sons of men. *Decay of Piety.*

UNBOUNDLED. *adv.* Without bounds; without limits.
So unboundedly mischievous is that petulant member, that
heaven and earth are not wide enough for its range, but it
will find work at home too. *Government of the Tongue.*

UNBOUNDNESS. *n. f.* Exemption from limits.
Finitude, applied to created things, imports the proportions
of the several properties of these things to one another. Infini-
tude, the unboundness of these degrees of properties. *Cheyne.*

UNBOWED. *adj.* Not bent.
He knits his brow, and frowns an angry eye,
And passeth by with stiff, unbowed knee,
Disdaining duty that to us belongs. *Shakep. Hen. VI.*

U N B

TO UNBOWEL. *v. n.* To exenterate; to eviscerate.
In this chapter I'll unbowel the state of the question. *Hakewill.*
It is now become a new species of divinity, to branch out
with fond distinctions our holy faith, which the pious sim-
plicity of the first christians received to practice; not to read
upon as an anatomy, unbowel and dissect to try experi-
ments. *Decay of Piety.*

TO UNBRA'CE. *v. a.*
1. To loose; to relax.
With whose reproach and odious menace,
The knight embolling in his haughty heart,
Knit all his forces, and gan soon unbrace
His grasping hold. *Fairy Queen, b. 2. c. 4. st. 9.*
Somewhat of mournful sure my ears does wound;
Drums unbraced, with soldiers broken cries.
Nought shall the ptery and the harp avail,
When the quick spirits their warm march forbear,
And numbing coldness has unbrac'd the ear. *Prior.*
Waiting years, that wither human race,
Exhaust thy spirits, and thy arms unbrace. *Pope's Iliad.*

2. To make the clothes loose.
Is it physical,
To walk unbrac'd, and suck up the humours
Of the dank morning? *Shakep. Julius Caesar.*
Hamlet, with his doublet all unbrac'd;
No hat upon his head, his stockings loose. *Shakep.*

UNBREATHED. *v. a.* Not exercised.
They now have told their unbreath'd memories,
With this fame play against our nuptials. *Shakep.*

UNBREATHING. *adj.* Unanimated.
They spake not a word;
But like dumb statues, or unbreathing stones,
Star'd each on other, and look'd deadly pale. *Shakep.*

UNBRED. *adj.*
1. Not instructed in civility; ill educated.
Unbred minds must be a little sent abroad. *Gov. of Tongue.*
Children learn from unbred or debauched servants, un-
towardly tricks. *Locke on Education.*
Sure never any thing was so unbred as that odious
man. *Congreve's Way of the World.*
2. Not taught.
A warrior dame,
Unbred to spinning, in the loom unskill'd. *Dryden.*

UNBREECH'D. *adj.* Having no breeches.
Looking on my boy's face, methoughts I did recoil
Twenty-three years, and saw myself unbreech'd,
In my green velvet coat. *Shakep. Winter Tale.*

UNBRI'ED. *adj.* Not influenced by money or gifts; not hired.
The soul gave all;
Unbri'd it gave; or, if a bribe appear,
No less than heav'n. *Dryden.*
To succour the distress'd;
Unbri'd by love; untrifled by threats. *A. Phillips.*

UNBRI'DLED. *adj.* Licentious; not restrained.
This is not well, rash and unbri'dled boy,
To fly the favours of so good a king. *Shakep.*
We have considered religious zeal, which transgresses in
unbridled excess. *Sparr's Sermons.*

UNBRIDLED. *adj.* [from *break*.]
1. Not violated.
God pardon all oaths, that are broke to me;
God keep all vows unbroke, are made to thee. *Shakep.*
Some married persons, even in their marriage, do please
God, by preserving their faith unbroke. *Taylor.*
He first broke peace in heav'n, and faith, till then
Unbroke. *Milton.*
2. Not subdued; not weakened.
From his seat the Pylion prince arose;
Two centuries already he fulfill'd;
And now began the third, unbroke yet. *Dryden.*
How broad his shoulders spread! by age unbroke! *Pope.*
3. Not tamed.
A lonely cow,
Unworn with yokes, unbroke to the plow. *Addison.*

UNBROTHERLIKE. *adj.* Ill suiting with the character of a
brother.
Victor's unbrotherlike heat towards the eastern churches, fo-
mented that difference about Easter into a schism. *Decay of Piety.*

UNBRUISED. *adj.* Not bruised; not hurt.
On Dardan plains,
The fresh, and yet unbruised Greeks do pitch
Their brave pavillions. *Shakep.*
Thou' years upon thee, and thou art too full
Of the war's furcits, to go rove with one
That's yet unbruised. *Shakep. Coriolanus.*
Care keeps his watch in ev'ry old man's eye;
And where care lodgeth, sleep will never lie;
But where unbruised youth, with unfift brain,
Doth couch his limbs, there golden sleep doth reign. *Shakep.*